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Patent claims

1. A method for electrodynamically braking a rail vehicle which is equipped with a drive (6), wherein the acceleration (a_{act}) of the rail vehicle is regulated as a function of its velocity (v), characterized in that the acceleration (a_{act}) is regulated to a set point acceleration (a_{step}) which is proportional to the velocity (v).

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- 2. The method as claimed in claim 1, characterized in that the set point acceleration (a_{step}) for individual sections is proportional to the velocity (v).
- 15 3. The method as claimed in one of claims 1 or 2, characterized in that in order to control the acceleration (a_{act}) indirectly, the torque (M_R) of the drive (6) is regulated.
- 20 4. The method as claimed in claim 3, characterized in that a PI controller is used to control the torque (M_R) .
- 5. The method as claimed in one of claims 3 or 4, characterized in that when the torque (M_R) is controlled it is kept within predefined limits.
- 6. The method as claimed in one of claims 3 to 5, characterized in that an additional torque (M_V) which is proportional to the set point acceleration (a_{step}) is added to the torque (M_R) , and in that the proportionality constant is dependent on vehicle values.
- 7. The method as claimed in claim 6,

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characterized in that the vehicle values are the vehicle mass, the transmission ratio and/or the diameter of the wheels.

- 5 8. The method as claimed in one of claims 1 to 7, characterized in that the velocity (v) of the rail vehicle is determined from rotational speeds (n) of the drive (6) and/or of an axle.
- 10 9. The method as claimed in one of claims 1 to 8, characterized in that the acceleration (a_{act}) is determined as a first derivative of the velocity (v).

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